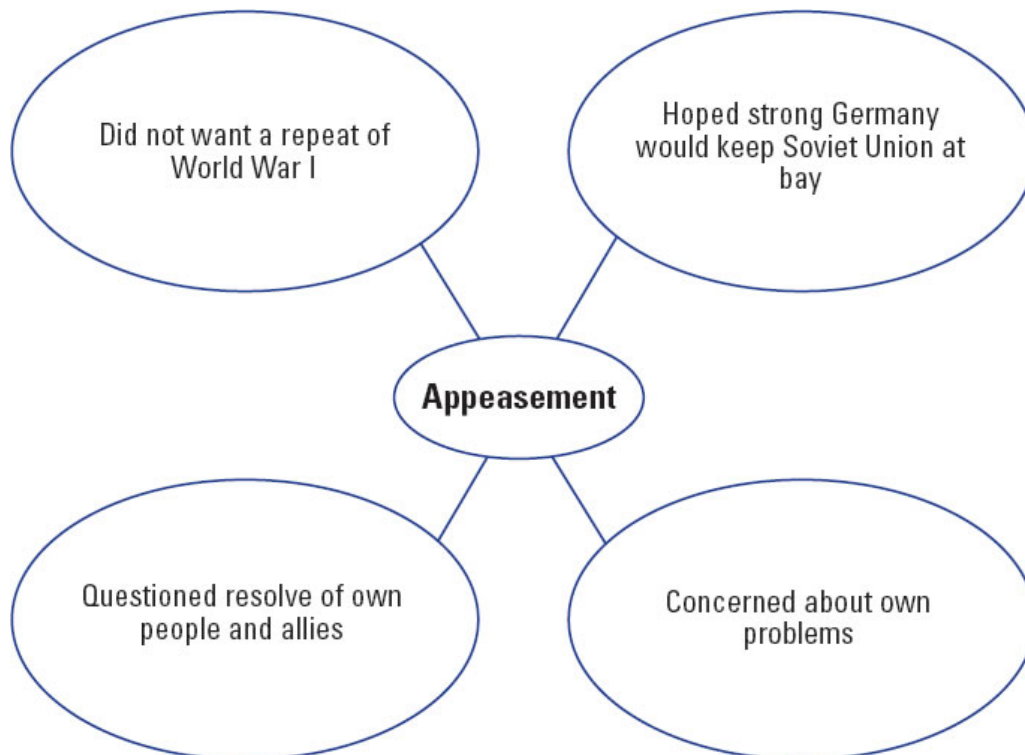


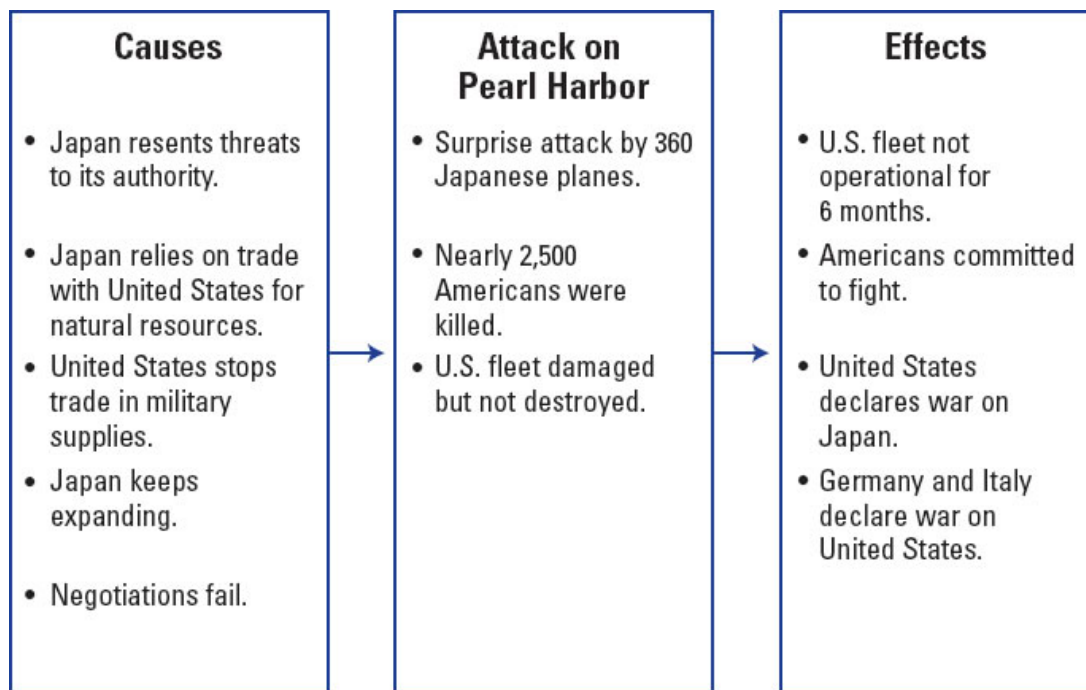
# World War II Organizers

1930s Actions			
Soviet Union	Italy	Germany	Japan
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Soviet Union's transformation into industrial power results in deaths of at least 10 million people.</li> <li>• Stalin purges Communist Party of real or suspected traitors.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mussolini outlaws political parties, takes over the press, creates a secret police.</li> <li>• Italy invades Ethiopia in 1935</li> <li>• Mussolini sends military and economic aid to Franco in Spain</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hitler silences democratic institutions of Weimar Republic.</li> <li>• Hitler establishes secret police, state-controlled press, state-controlled education system.</li> <li>• Germany reclaims Saar region from France.</li> <li>• Germany invades Rhineland.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Japan invades Manchuria in 1931</li> <li>• "Rape of Nanjing" in 1937</li> </ul>

© Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Pearson Prentice Hall. All rights reserved.



© Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Pearson Prentice Hall. All rights reserved.



© Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Pearson Prentice Hall. All rights reserved.

<b>Early War in the Pacific</b>	
<b>May 1942</b>	The Philippines fall to the Japanese.
<b>May 1942</b>	Bataan Death March
<b>May 1942</b>	Battle of Coral Sea
<b>Summer 1942</b>	Southeast Asia and western Pacific under Japanese control

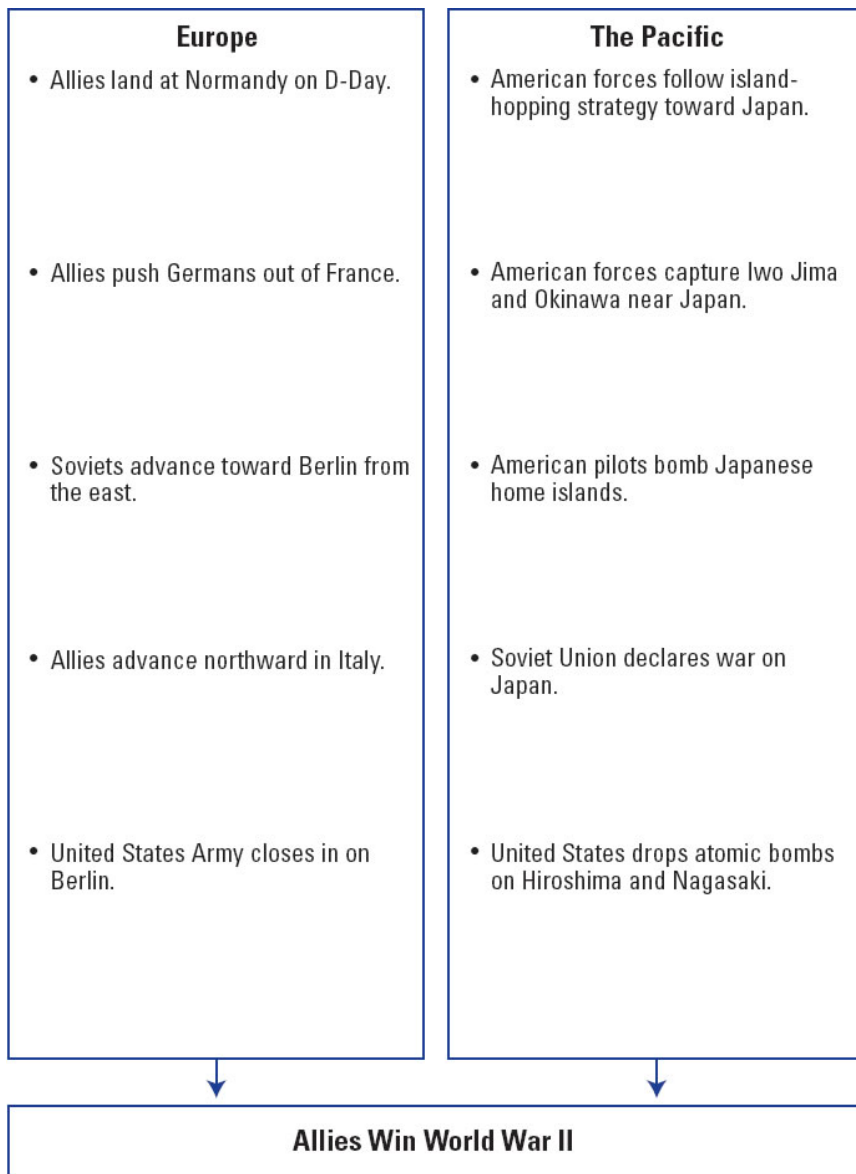
© Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Pearson Prentice Hall. All rights reserved.

<b>Turning Back the Axis</b>	
<b>In Europe</b>	<b>In the Pacific</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Battle against U-boats in Atlantic</li> <li>• Battle of Stalingrad</li> <li>• Allied invasion of North Africa</li> <li>• Allied invasion of Sicily</li> <li>• Allied invasion of Italy</li> <li>• British and American bombers batter Germany</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Battle of Coral Sea</li> <li>• Battle of Midway</li> <li>• American invasion of Guadalcanal</li> </ul>


© Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Pearson Prentice Hall. All rights reserved.

<b>The Home Front, World War II</b>		
<b>Economy</b>	<b>Effects on Women</b>	<b>Effects on Minorities</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• War bonds</li> <li>• Wage controls</li> <li>• Increased government involvement</li> <li>• New taxes</li> <li>• Rationing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• New ideas about women in the workplace</li> <li>• New relationships</li> <li>• Gained skills and organizational experience</li> <li>• New opportunities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Executive Order 8802</li> <li>• Fair hiring practices in jobs funded with government money</li> <li>• African Americans worked toward equal rights.</li> <li>• Japanese Americans were moved to internment camps.</li> <li>• Mexican American farm workers came to the United States via the bracero program.</li> </ul>

© Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Pearson Prentice Hall. All rights reserved.



© Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Pearson Prentice Hall. All rights reserved.

Science and Technology of World War II		 Quick Study
Advance	Military Use in WWII	Civilian Applications
Radar	Detected objects such as bombs, incoming gunfire, or enemy ships	Used to track weather systems and monitor automobile speed
Calculating machines	Allowed cryptographers to break enemy codes by detecting letter patterns and frequencies	Developed into small personal computers
Jet engines	Enabled planes to fly much faster than non-jet-powered planes	Used in commercial airplanes
Penicillin	Cured soldiers' infected wounds, saving many lives	Used to treat bacterial infections

**1933:** Hitler becomes dictator of Germany and begins persecution of Jews.



**1933:** First Nazi concentration camp opens.



**1935:** Nuremberg Laws deny citizenship to Jews, ban marriage between Jews and non-Jews, and segregate Jews at every level of society.



**1938:** Kristallnacht—Nazi officials order attacks on Jews in Germany.



**1933–1945:** Jews imprisoned in concentration camps and death camps, where they are systematically exterminated.



**1945:** Awareness of the Holocaust increases demand and support for an independent Jewish homeland.

