AMSCO CH 24: THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE NEW DEAL, 1929-1939

Make sure you can identify what each of them is. For any that you can't identify, go back and add them into your notes. (All of these are fair game for the test.)

The Great Depression

Stock Market Crash –
Black Tuesday, Oct 29, 1929
buying on margin
debt moratorium

Reconstruction Finance
Corporation (RFC)
Bonus Army and March – 1932
Election of 1932 - significance
Franklin D. Roosevelt (FDR)
First Hundred Days

First New Deal
Relief, Recovery, Reform
Harold Ickes, Harry Hopkins
brain trust
bank holiday
fireside chats
"Alphabet Soup" agencies
Second New Deal
Father Charles Coughlin, Dr.
Francis Townsend

Huey Long

CIO and John L. Lewis sit-down strike Roosevelt Recession New Democratic Coalition depression mentality Dust Bowl – Okies John Steinbeck, The Grapes of Wrath

Court-Packing plan

ACRONYM (ALPHABET SOUP)	ACTUAL NAME OR ACT	YEAR	TOPIC	WHAT DID IT DO? Relief, Recovery, or Reform?
FDIC				
HOLC				
FERA				
FERA				
PWA				
CCC				
TVA				
NIRA				
AAA				

ACRONYM	ACTUAL NAME OR ACT	YEAR	TOPIC	WHAT DID IT DO?
(ALPHABET SOUP)				Relief, Recovery, or Reform?
CWA				
SEC				
FHA				
IIIA				
WPA				
NYA				
DA				
RA				
NLRA				
14210 (
SSA				
FLSA				
REA				
NLA				

- 1. List major effects of Great Depression
- 2. Explain Hoover's actions in response to the Great Depression—include specific policies and what they did.
- 3. Explain two forms of protest during the Depression
- 4. Why did FDR win the election of 1932?
- 5. Explain FDR's New Deal philosophy.
- 6. Create a chart of Opponents of the New Deal: Who they were, what their criticisms were, and any events/results of their actions
- 7. How and why did unions become stronger during the New Deal? Be specific.
- 8. Why did the Recession of 1937-38 occur?
- 9. Why was the New Deal weakened after 1938?
- 10. How were each of the following affected by the Depression: women, farmers, African-Americans, American Indians, Mexican-Americans