Gilded Age Economics and Urbanization

Guiding Questions:

- ❖ What factors resulted in the rapid growth of industry and cities after the Civil War?
- Were business leaders of this era "captains of industry" or "robber barons?
- What factors drew in new immigrants, how were they treated, and why?

13.1 Technology and Industrial Growth

Encouraging Industrial Growth

Edwin Drake

factors increasing workforce

Horatio Alger/"rags to riches"

laissez-faire policies

Innovation Drives the Nation

patent

Thomas Edison

improvements in communication

steel/Bessemer process

new transportation modes

time zones

"spiral of growth"

mass production

The Impact of Industrialization

globalizing markets

changes in society

environmental concerns

13.2: The Rise of Big Business

Fighting for Profits

corporation and advantages

corporation structure (pic, p. 444)

strategies to increase profits

monopoly/cartel

John D. Rockefeller

horizontal integration/trust

Andrew Carnegie/vertical integration

Debating the Role of Big Business

"robber barons"

"captains of industry"

Social Darwinism

The Government Imposes Regulations

Interstate Commerce Commission

Sherman Anti-Trust Act

13.3: The Organized Labor Movement

Workers Endure Hardship

work conditions/sweatshops

family/child labor

company towns

Labor Unions Form

collective bargaining

socialism and Americans

Knights of Labor/Terence Powderly

American Fed of Labor/Samuel

Gompers

Strikes Rock the Nation

railroad strike of 1877

Haymarket Riot

Homestead Strike

American Railway Union/Eugene Debs

Pullman Strike

overall results for labor

14.1: The New Immigrants

New Immigrants Come to America
"new" immigrants vs. "old" immigrants
Immigrants Decide to Leave Home
push factors
pull factors

The Immigrant Experience hardships of the trip Ellis Island/Angel Island

Opportunities and Challenges in America ghettoes
Americanization/ "melting pot" causes of nativism's revival
Chinese Exclusion Act
Immigrants Change America overall effects of the immigrants

14.2: Cities Expand and Change

America Becomes a Nation of Cities
new opportunities offered by cities
rural-to-urban migrants

Technology Improves City Life
building improvements
mass transit
streetcar suburbs
city planning/zoning
Frederick Law Olmsted

Urban Living Creates Problems
tenements
water, sanitation and other hazards

14.3: Social and Cultural Trends

Americans Become Consumers conspicuous consumerism department store/advertising lifestyle changes

Mass Culture

mass culture
Joseph Pulitzer/William R. Hearst
new, realistic arts
growth and curriculum of schools

New Forms of Popular Culture amusement parks Buffalo Bill'sWild West Show Chautauqua Circuit vaudeville spectator sports